Package 'WriteXLS'

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Title Cross-Platform Perl Based R Function to Create Excel 2003 (XLS) and Excel 2007 (XLSX) Files	
Description Cross-platform Perl based R function to create Excel 2003 (XLS) and Excel 2007 (XLSX) files from one or more data frames. Each data frame will be written to a separate named worksheet in the Excel spreadsheet. The worksheet name will be the name of the data frame it contains or can be specified by the user.	
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tactParl	Test Perl installation and required modules for WriteXLS()	

Description

Test Perl installation and required modules for WriteXLS()

Usage

```
testPerl(perl = "perl", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

perl Name of the perl executable to be called.

verbose Output test result messages.

Details

This function will test your current system to be sure that Perl is installed and if so, whether or not all of the Perl modules required for WriteXLS() are present.

Success and/or error messages as appropriate will be output.

Value

A boolean value (TRUE or FALSE). TRUE if Perl and ALL required modules are found

Note

Please be sure to read the included INSTALL file (in the main package installation directory) for additional details on meeting the requirements for Perl and the additional Perl modules that are necessary for WriteXLS to work properly. The file includes platform specific recommendations for common scenarios. The path to the package installation directory can be located using system.file(package = "WriteXLS").

A working installed version of Perl must be present in the current system searchpath or the exact path of the perl executable must be provided via the perl argument. Perl modules required for this function that may not be part of a default Perl installation are included with this package. These modules include:

Archive::Zip, OLE::Storage_Lite, Parse::RecDescent, Spreadsheet::WriteExcel, Excel::Writer::XLSX and Text::CSV_PP

File::Basename and Getopt::Long are "Core" Perl modules and should be part of a standard Perl installation, however, they are both included in WriteXLS as a fall back.

Author(s)

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Many thanks to Prof. Brian Ripley for his assistance in the testing of this package.

See Also

WriteXLS

WriteXLS Cross-platform Perl based R function to create Excel 2003 (XLS) or Excel 2007 (XLSX) files

Description

Writes one or more R data frames to an Excel 2003 or Excel 2007 file

Usage

Arguments

x A character vector or factor containing the names of one or more R data frames;

A character vector or factor containing the name of a single list which contains one or more R data frames; a single list object of one or more data frames; a

single data frame object.

ExcelFileName The name of the Excel file to be created. If the file extension is .XLS, an Excel

2003 file will be created. If the file extension is *XLSX*, an Excel 2007 file will be created. Must be a valid Excel filename. May include an existing path.

normalizePath is used to support tilde expansion, etc.

SheetNames A character vector containing the names of each worksheet to be created. If

NULL (the default), the names of the dataframes will be used instead. Worksheet names may be up to 31 characters in length and must be unique. If specified, length(SheetNames) must be the same as length(x). NOTE: The order of

the names here must match the order of the data frames as listed in x.

perl Name of the perl executable to be called.

verbose Output step-by-step status messages during the creation of the Excel file. De-

fault is FALSE.

Encoding Define the character encoding to be used for the exported data frames. Defaults

to UTF-8.

AllText If TRUE, all cell contents of the Excel file will be written as text. Default is

FALSE. See Details.

row.names	If TRUE, the row names of the data frames are included in the Excel file worksheets.
col.names	If TRUE, the column names of the data frames are included in the Excel file worksheets.
AdjWidth	If TRUE, will adjust the worksheet column widths based upon the longest entry in each column. This is approximate.
AutoFilter	If TRUE, will add autofiltering to each column in each worksheet. Note that not all spreadsheet applications support this feature.
BoldHeaderRow	If TRUE, will apply a bold font to the header row for each worksheet.
ReadOnly	If TRUE, each worksheet will be set to Read Only (Protected mode) to prevent inadvertent changes to the contents when the file is opened in Excel or a compatible application. See Details.
na	The string to use for missing values in the data. Defaults to ""
FreezeRow	Rows including this row and above this row will be frozen and not scroll. The default value of \emptyset will scroll the entire sheet. Note that not all spreadsheet applications support this feature.
FreezeCol	Columns including this column and to the left of this column will be frozen and not scroll. The default value of 0 will scroll the entire sheet. Note that not all spreadsheet applications support this feature.
envir	The environment in which to look for the data frames named in x. This defaults to the environment in which WriteXLS was called.

Details

This function takes: a character vector or factor containing the names of one or more R data frames; A character vector or factor containing the name of a single list which contains one or more R data frames; a single list object containing one or more data frames; a single data frame object and exports them to an Excel 2003 or 2007 spreadsheet file. Each data frame will be written to a separate worksheet in the same Excel file.

The order of the worksheets created in the Excel file will match the order of the entries in x.

The actual creation of the Excel file is performed by Perl scripts called WriteXLS.pl (for XLS files) and WriteXLSX.pl (for XLSX files), which are included with this package.

Note that the named Excel file, if it already exists, will be overwritten and no warning is given. In addition, if the file exists and is open by another application (eg. Excel, OO.org, LibreOffice, etc.) you will likely get an error message regarding the inability to open the file and/or that the file is already in use by another application or user. Errors can also occur if the file has been marked as read-only or if your access rights do not allow you to overwrite the file or write to the folder you have indicated in the path to the file.

There is an intermediate step, where the R data frames are first written to CSV files using writeLines with argument useBytes = TRUE before being written to the Excel file by the relevant Perl script. tempdir is used to determine the current R session temporary directory and a new sub-directory called "WriteXLS" will be created there. The CSV files will be written to that directory and both the files and the directory will be deleted prior to the function terminating normally using on .exit. It is possible that these will remain in place if this function terminates abnormally or is aborted prior to completion.

Since as.character is used to coerce data frame column content to character vectors prior to export, data types supported by as.character will be exported to their character representation correctly. For other data types, it is recommended that you first coerce them to character columns, formatted as you require, and then use WriteXLS to create the Excel file.

All of the CSV files will be created prior to the creation of the Excel file as the Perl script will loop over them as part of the process. Thus, sufficient free disk space must be available for these files and the Excel file at the same time. Note, importantly, that in the course of creating XLSX files, which are ZIP compressed XML files, Perl will require free disk space that is some multiple of the size of the resultant XLSX file, in the course of creating the XML files before compression into the XLSX file. Thus, additional free disk space, in addition to the CSV files noted above, will also be required temporarily.

A text file called "SheetNames.txt" will be created in the same temporary directory as the CSV files. This file will contain the sheet names, one per line and will be used by the Perl script to name the worksheets in the Excel file.

Each worksheet will be named using either the names in SheetNames, the names of the data frames in x or the names of the list elements if x is a list (up to the first 31 characters, which is an Excel limitation). If any the data frame names specified in x are longer than 31 characters, they will be truncated to 31 characters. SheetNames if specified, will be checked to make sure that all of the entries are less than or equal to 31 characters. If not, an error message will be displayed.

Note that the order of the names in SheetNames MUST match the order of the data frames named in x.

Note that the worksheets must have unique names. Thus, if SheetNames is NULL, the data frame names will be checked to be sure that they are unique up through the first 31 characters. If SheetNames is specified, the entries will be checked to be sure that they are unique. If not, an error message will be displayed.

Note that the following characters are not allowed for Excel worksheet names: []:*?/\

The data frame column names will be exported "as is" and will be the first row in the corresponding worksheet, if col.names = TRUE.

UTF-8 encoded content in the data frame should be properly exported by default. If you are operating in a 'latin1' based locale (also known as iso-8859-1) or a Windows CP-1252 locale, set Encoding to 'latin1' or 'cp1252', respectively.

As of version 5.0.0, Unicode character based content is better supported if running on a Windows based operating system. This is achieved by generating the intermediate CSV files using writeLines(..., useBytes = TRUE), which should avoid the re-encoding of the content of the CSV files into the operating locale of the relevant computer. Set Encoding to 'UTF-8' in this case to preserve the Unicode content in the Excel file. Since Encoding applies to all data frames and columns therein being exported to the same Excel file, if mixed character encodings are present, this may cause errors in the character representations in the Excel file. If you note errors from Perl regarding characters not mapping to Unicode, or illegal characters in UTF-8, try setting Encoding to 'latin1'. If mixed encodings are present, you may want to explore the use of iconv to standardize the data to a single encoding.

If one or more of the data frame columns have been assigned a *comment* attribute using the comment function, these will be used to create a worksheet cell comment in this first row of the worksheet for each column with this attribute. These can serve to provide descriptive information for each column. This will work for both the Excel 2003 and 2007 file formats.

Values containing leading and/or trailing zeroes in data frame content will be treated, by default, as text, such that these zeroes will be preserved in the Excel worksheet content, rather than being coerced to numeric values and being stripped, which is the default Excel behavior. These values will be left-justified in the cells, rather than being right-justified, and there may be a mix of justification in a single column, based upon the data present.

If AllText = TRUE, all data frame contents, including numeric values, will be written to the Excel file as text, and will be left-justified. There may be content in the source data frame(s), that contain leading and/or trailing zeros or other pre-formatted content which would otherwise be modified by Excel, and which is the default Excel behavior. Thus, this option is provided to fully override the default behavior in Excel. Note that if you open the Excel file after creation, you may note little colored triangles in the upper left hand corner of the relevant cells, indicating that a number is stored as text. This is expected and if you manually edit the cell content, it may revert to a number, losing any desired formatting.

If verbose = TRUE, messages will be output during key steps in the process of creating the Excel file and intermediate steps. In the case of the Perl scripts parsing the intermediate CSV files, CSV file line numbers will be output to hopefully assist in the debugging of possible content problems that may compromise the integrity of the resultant Excel file. Note that the line numbers are 0 based, rather than 1 based, and will include an additional line for the column names if col.names = TRUE. An additional line is also included to be able to handle any *comment* attributes, and you will observe a repeat of either line 0, if col.names = FALSE or line 1, if col.names = TRUE, as a result. The actual source data frame content will begin on the subsequent line.

If ReadOnly = TRUE, each worksheet will be set to Protected (read only) mode to prevent the inadvertent editing of the contents when the file is opened in Excel or a compatible application. This is not the same as the file being password protected and encrypted, which is not supported. The contents of the worksheets will be readable and copyable, but not editable. Each worksheet will show a lock icon on the worksheet tab. Protected mode can be disabled by the user by right-clicking on each worksheet tab and selecting 'Unprotect Sheet' in the menu.

Note that as of version 6.0.0, more robust handling of embedded newline ('\n') and carriage return ('\r') characters, double quotes, and two character sequences of a backslash character ('\') followed by another character, within a data frame value has been implemented.

If there any issues parsing the lines in the CSV file, such that the number of fields in the current line is different than the prior line, perhaps due to atypical character content, an error will be issued. If this occurs, you may wish to set verbose = TRUE in order to obtain additional debugging information to help identify where in the CSV file the error may be located. You may need to pre-process the data in the source data frame (e.g. using gsub) in order to resolve this issue. While this handling is now more robust, the user is strongly encouraged to verify the content of the resultant Excel file to ensure that the integrity of the exported data frame(s) is maintained and that all source data have been written correctly to the worksheet(s). The user is strongly encouraged to be aware of any data frame content that includes escaped character sequences or other atypical content, and to consider pre-processing these as may be apropos, prior to using this function.

Note that arguments AdjWidth, AutoFilter, BoldHeaderRow, ReadOnly, FreezeRow, FreezeCol, Encoding, row.names, col.names and AllText will apply to ALL worksheets exported.

Value

TRUE if the Excel file was successfully created. FALSE if any errors occurred.

Note

Please be sure to read the included INSTALL file (in the main package installation directory) for additional details on meeting the requirements for Perl and the additional Perl modules that are necessary for this function to work properly. The file includes platform specific recommendations for common scenarios. The path to the package installation directory can be located using system.file(package = "WriteXLS").

A working installed version of Perl must be present in the current system searchpath or the exact path of the perl executable must be provided via the perl argument. Perl modules required for this function that may not be part of a default Perl installation are included with this package. These modules include:

Archive::Zip, OLE::Storage_Lite, Parse::RecDescent, Spreadsheet::WriteExcel, Excel::Writer::XLSX and Text::CSV_PP

File::Basename and Getopt::Long are "Core" Perl modules and should be part of a standard Perl installation, however, they are both included in WriteXLS as a fall back.

To test your Perl installation and verify that all required Perl modules are available, use the testPerl function provided in this package.

Author(s)

Marc Schwartz <marc schwartz@me.com>

Many thanks to Prof. Brian Ripley for his assistance in the testing of this package.

References

```
Spreadsheet::WriteExcel Perl Module https://metacpan.org/release/Spreadsheet-WriteExcel Excel::Writer::XLSX Perl Module https://metacpan.org/release/Excel-Writer-XLSX Excel 2007 Specifications and Limitations https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/excel-specifications-and-limits-1672b34d-7043-467e-8e27-269d656771c3 For Perl Unicode Issues https://ahinea.com/en/tech/perl-unicode-struggle.html and/or https://www.perl.com/pub/2012/04/perlunicook-standard-preamble.html/
```

See Also

```
writeLines, testPerl, comment and iconv
```

Examples

```
## Only run the examples if Perl and all modules are present
if (testPerl(verbose = FALSE))
{
    ## Examples using built-in data frames
    ## Create XLSX (Excel 2007) files
    WriteXLS("iris", "iris.xlsx")

    WriteXLS(c("iris", "infert", "esoph"), "Example.xlsx")
    iris.split <- split(iris, iris$Species)</pre>
```

```
WriteXLS("iris.split", "irissplit.xlsx")
## Example using comment()
## Commented cells with have a small red triangle in the
## upper right hand corner of the cell. Click on the cell
## or place the cursor over the cell to see the pop-up
## containing the comment text.
## Adjust the column widths
## Bold the header row
comment(iris$Sepal.Length) <- "Length of the sepals (cm)"</pre>
comment(iris$Sepal.Width) <- "Width of the sepals (cm)"</pre>
comment(iris$Petal.Length) <- "Length of the petals (cm)"</pre>
comment(iris$Petal.Width) <- "Width of the petals (cm)"</pre>
comment(iris$Species) <- "Species of the flowers"</pre>
WriteXLS("iris", "iriscomments.xlsx",
         AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE)
## Add row names
WriteXLS("iris", "irisrownames.xlsx",
         AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE, row.names = TRUE)
## Use latin1 Encoding
WriteXLS("iris", "irisLatin1.xlsx", Encoding = "latin1")
## Write a 0 row data frame
## Worksheet will contain header row only
DF0 <- data.frame("A" = numeric(), "B" = numeric(), "C" = numeric())</pre>
WriteXLS("DF0", "DF0.xlsx", AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE)
## 'x' is a single data frame object
WriteXLS(iris, "irisDF.xlsx")
## 'x' is a list object containing data frames
WriteXLS(iris.split, "irisList.xlsx")
## Behavior with leading and/or trailing zeroes
DFL0 <- data.frame(A = c("01234", "12345", "012300", "1050", "10230"),
                 B = c("000-00", "123-45", "000-10-1230", ".1.2.3.40", "0123.45.6"),
                   C = c("0123.4", "001234.5", "0.1234", "1234.0", "1234.00"))
WriteXLS(DFL0, "DFL0.xlsx", AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE)
WriteXLS(DFL0, "DFL0AT.xlsx", AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE, AllText = TRUE)
## Embedded newline, carriage return and a two character backslash sequence
DF.NL <- data.frame(RL = "This is normal text",</pre>
                    LF = "This sample text \n has a LF",
                    CR = "This sample text \r has a CR",
                    CRLF = "This sample text \r\n has a CRLF",
               BSChar = "This sample text \\I has a character preceded by a backslash")
WriteXLS(DF.NL, "DFNL.xlsx", AdjWidth = TRUE, BoldHeaderRow = TRUE)
## Embedded comma, single and double quotes
DF.Embed <- data.frame(A = "This is sample text, with a comma",
                       B = "This is \"sample text\" with a double quote",
```

```
C = "This is \'sample text\' with a single quote")
 WriteXLS(DF.Embed, "DFEmbed.xlsx")
  ## Clean up and delete XLSX files
  rm(iris.split)
  rm(DF0)
  rm(DFL0)
  rm(DF.NL)
  rm(DF.Embed)
 unlink("iris.xlsx")
 unlink("Example.xlsx")
 unlink("irissplit.xlsx")
 unlink("iriscomments.xlsx")
 unlink("irisrownames.xlsx")
 unlink("irisLatin1.xlsx")
 unlink("DF0.xlsx")
 unlink("irisDF.xlsx")
 unlink("irisList.xlsx")
 unlink("DFL0.xlsx")
 unlink("DFL0AT.xlsx")
 unlink("DFNL.xlsx")
 unlink("DFEmbed.xlsx")
}
```

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