Package 'csvread'

November 5, 2024

Title Fast Specialized CSV File Loader

Description Functions for loading large (10M+ lines) CSV

and other delimited files, similar to read.csv, but typically faster and using less memory than the standard R loader. While not entirely general, it covers many common use cases when the types of columns in the CSV file are known in advance. In addition, the package provides a class 'int64',

Version 1.2.3

	which represents 64-bit integers exactly when reading from a file. The latter is useful when working with 64-bit integer identifiers exported from databases. The CSV file loader supports common column types including 'integer', 'double', 'string', and 'int64', leaving further type transformations to the user.
URL	https://github.com/jabiru/csvread
Depe	ends $R (>= 2.15)$, methods
Enha	nnces bit64
Licer	nse Apache License (== 2.0)
Сору	right Copyright (C) Collective, Inc. file inst/COPYRIGHTS
Lang	guage en-US
Enco	ding UTF-8
Roxy	genNote 7.3.2
Need	sCompilation yes
Auth	or Sergei Izrailev [aut, cre]
Main	ntainer Sergei Izrailev <sizrailev@jabiruventures.com></sizrailev@jabiruventures.com>
Repo	sitory CRAN
Date/	Publication 2024-11-05 03:30:02 UTC
Cor	ntents
	csvread 2 int64 7 Ops.int64 9

Index 10

csvread

Fast Specialized CSV File Loader.

Description

Package csvread contains a fast specialized CSV and other delimited file loader, and a basic 64-bit integer class to aid in reading 64-bit integer values.

Given a list of the column types, function csvread parses the CSV file and returns a data frame.

Usage

```
csvread(
   file,
   coltypes,
   header,
   colnames = NULL,
   nrows = NULL,
   verbose = FALSE,
   delimiter = ",",
   na.strings = c("NA", "na", "NULL", "null", "")
)
map.coltypes(file, header, nrows = 100, delimiter = ",")
```

Arguments

file

Path to the CSV file.

coltypes

A vector of column types, e.g., c("integer", "string"). The accepted types are "integer", "double", "string", "long" and "longhex".

- integer the column is parsed into an R integer type (32 bit)
- double the column is parsed into an R double type
- string the column is loaded as character type
- long the column is interpreted as the decimal representation of a 64-bit integer, stored as a double and assigned the int64 class.
- longhex the column is interpreted as the hex representation of a 64-bit integer, stored as a double and assigned the int64 class with an additional attribute base = 16L that is used for printing.
- integer64 same as long but produces a column of class integer64, which should be compatible with package bit64 (untested).
- verbose if TRUE, the function prints number of lines counted in the file.
- delimiter a single character delimiter, default is ", ".

header

TRUE (default) or FALSE; indicates whether the file has a header and serves as the source of column names if colnames is not provided.

colnames Optional column names for the resulting data frame. Overrides the header, if

header is present. If NULL, then the column names are taken from the header,

or, if there is no header, the column names are set to 'COL1', 'COL2', etc.

nrows If NULL, the function first counts the lines in the file. This step can be avoided

if the number of lines is known by providing a value to nrows. On the other

hand, nrows can be used to read only the first lines of the CSV file.

verbose If TRUE and nrows is NULL, the function prints number of lines counted in the

file.

delimiter A single character delimiter, default is ", ".

na.strings A vector of strings to be considered NA in the input file.

Details

csvread provides functionality for loading large (10M+ lines) CSV and other delimited files, similar to read.csv, but typically faster and using less memory than the standard R loader. While not entirely general, it covers many common use cases when the types of columns in the CSV file are known in advance. In addition, the package provides a class 'int64', which represents 64-bit integers exactly when reading from a file. The latter is useful when working with 64-bit integer identifiers exported from databases. The CSV file loader supports common column types including integer, double, string, and int64, leaving further type transformations to the user.

If number of columns, which is inferred from the number of provided coltypes, is greater than the actual number of columns, the extra columns are still created. If the number of columns is less than the actual number of columns in the file, the extra columns in the file are ignored. Commas included in double quotes will be considered part of the field, rather than a separator, but double quotes will NOT be stripped. Runaway double quotes will end at the end of the line.

See also int64 for information about dealing with 64-bit integers when loading data from CSV files.

Value

A data frame containing the data from the CSV file.

Maintainer

Sergei Izrailev

Copyright

Copyright (C) Collective, Inc.; with portions Copyright (C) Jabiru Ventures LLC

License

Apache License, Version 2.0, available at http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

URL

http://github.com/jabiru/csvread

Installation from github

```
devtools::install_github("jabiru/csvread")
Author(s)
Sergei Izrailev
```

See Also

Useful links:

• https://github.com/jabiru/csvread

int64

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Basic use case when column types are known and there's no missing data.
frm <- csvread("inst/10rows.csv",</pre>
coltypes = c("longhex", "string", "double", "integer", "long"),
header = FALSE)
frm
                     COL3 COL4 COL5
# COL1
            COL2
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
# 3 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 5200 5528
# 4 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
# 5 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5035
# 9 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4973
typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "int64"
typeof(frm$COL5)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL5)
# [1] "int64"
#### Examples with missing data.
## The input file contains values "NA", "NA ", "NA ", "NULL", "na"
## and missing fields in various columns.
```

```
writeLines(scan("inst/10rows_na.csv", "character", sep = "\n"))
# Read 10 items
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,4977
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,4987
# 11fb89c1558c792, NA ,0.150001,NA ,5528
# NA,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,5004
# 11fb89c1558c792,na,0.150001,4970,4980
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,NA,4970,5020
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,0.150001,NULL,5048
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,NA
# ,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,4971
# 11fb89c1558c792,2011-05-06,0.150001,4970,
## By default, all missing fields in this input are handled, except
## for the " NA " in a character column COL3, which remains unchanged.
## This is the intended behavior, similar to that of read.csv.
frm <- csvread("inst/10rows_na.csv",</pre>
coltypes = c("longhex", "string", "double", "integer", "long"),
header = FALSE)
frm
# COL1
            COL2
                     COL3 COL4 COL5
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
# 3 11fb89c1558c792
                         NA 0.150001 NA 5528
               <NA> 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
# 5 11fb89c1558c792 <NA> 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06
                                 NA 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 NA 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 <NA>
               <NA> 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 <NA>
## End(Not run)
## Not run:
#### The column types can be guessed by using map.coltypes.
coltypes <- map.coltypes("inst/10rows.csv", header = FALSE)</pre>
coltypes
# "string" "string" "double" "integer" "integer"
## Note the difference when "NA"s are present in an integer column 4,
## which is then considered to be a string column.
coltypes.na <- map.coltypes("inst/10rows_na.csv", header = FALSE)</pre>
coltypes.na
                            ٧3
                                      ٧4
# "string" "string" "double" "string" "integer"
frm <- csvread(file = "inst/10rows.csv", coltypes = coltypes,</pre>
  header = F, verbose = T)
# Counted 10 lines.
```

```
frm
                COL1
                           COL2
                                    COL3 COL4 COL5
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
# 3 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 5200 5528
# 4 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
# 5 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5035
# 9 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4973
typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "character"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "character"
typeof(frm$COL5)
# [1] "integer"
class(frm$COL5)
# [1] "integer"
## Convert the first column to int64 manually
frm$COL1 <- as.int64(frm$COL1, base = 16)</pre>
frm$COL1
# [1] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
# [5] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
# [9] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "int64"
## Print the first value in base 10.
as.character.int64(frm$COL1[1], base = 10)
# [1] "80986298828507026"
#### Character (string) columns with NAs and non-default na.strings
## A file with NAs and missing values: note that the in the first
## column, an empty string in row 9 is not considered NA because
## na.strings are set to "NA". By default, the empty string will be
## considered NA. Also, in column 2, rows 3 and 5, the values are
## " NA " (with spaces) and "na", respectively, because they don't
## match values in na.strings and therefore are not considered to be NA.
coltypes
       V1
                  ٧2
                            V٦
                                      ٧4
# "string" "string" "double" "integer" "integer"
frm <- csvread(file = "inst/10rows_na.csv", coltypes = coltypes,</pre>
```

int64 7

```
header = F, verbose = T, na.strings = "NA")
# Counted 10 lines.
frm
               COL1
                         COL2
                                  COL3 COL4 COL5
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
# 3 11fb89c1558c792 NA 0.150001
               <NA> 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
# 5 11fb89c1558c792 na 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06
                                   NA 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 NA 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970
                    2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970
## End(Not run)
```

int64

A very basic 64-bit integer class.

Description

A very basic 64-bit integer class.

Usage

```
int64(length = 0)
is.int64(x)

## Default S3 method:
as.int64(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'factor'
as.int64(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'character'
as.int64(x, base = 10L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'numeric'
as.int64(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'NULL''
as.int64(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'NULL''
as.int64(x, ...)
```

8 int64

```
format(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.character(x, base = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.double(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.integer(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
is.na(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.list(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
c(...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
is.numeric(x)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
rep(x, ...)
```

Arguments

length	A non-negative integer specifying the desired length. Double values will be coerced to integer: supplying an argument of length other than one is an error.
X	Object to be coerced or tested
• • •	Further arguments passed to or from other methods.
base	Specifies the base of the number (default is the base attribute of the object).

Details

The int64 class stores 64-bit integers in vectors of doubles and the base as an attribute base of the vector for printing and conversion to character. The motivation behind this class is to give R the ability to load 64-bit integers directly, for example, to represent the commonly used 64-bit identifiers in relational and other databases.

Ops.int64

See Also

Ops.int64 csvread

Ops.int64

Operators for the int64 *class*.

Description

Operators for the int64 class: one of +, -, ==, !=, <, <=, > or >=.

Usage

```
e1 + e2
e1 - e2
## S3 method for class 'int64'
e1 + e2
## S3 method for class 'int64'
e1 - e2
```

Arguments

e2

e1 int64 object, character vector or numeric vector (character and numeric values are converted by as.int64).

int64 object, character vector or numeric vector (character and numeric values are converted by as.int64).

See Also

int64

Index

```
* 64-bit
                                                 is.int64(int64), 7
    csvread, 2
                                                 is.na.int64 (int64), 7
* bigint
                                                 is.numeric.int64(int64),7
    csvread, 2
                                                 map.coltypes (csvread), 2
* comma-separated
    csvread, 2
                                                 Ops.int64,9
* csv
    csvread, 2
                                                 print.int64(int64),7
* delimited
    csvread, 2
                                                 rep.int64(int64), 7
* file
    csvread, 2
* import
    csvread, 2
* integer64
    csvread, 2
* read.csv
    csvread, 2
* text
    csvread, 2
+ (Ops.int64), 9
-(Ops.int64), 9
< (0ps.int64), 9
[.int64 (int64), 7
[<-.int64 (int64), 7
[[.int64 (int64), 7
as.character.int64(int64),7
as.data.frame.int64(int64),7
as.double.int64(int64),7
as.int64(int64), 7
as.integer.int64(int64),7
as.list.int64(int64), 7
c.int64 (int64), 7
csvread, 2
csvread-package (csvread), 2
format.int64(int64), 7
int64, 2-4, 7
```